

Amendments to the Specification.

Please amend the paragraph spanning pages 4 and 5 as follows:

In the exemplary embodiment shown in figure 1, where the radio station comprises one antenna 1 associated with a hybrid polarizing coupler 3₁, the polarizing coupler 3₁ has its input A1 connected, via a duplexer 4₁, to a radio signal source or transmitter T1 forming part of a transmitting-receiving unit ~~TR1~~, and its input B1 connected to an input F1 of a receiver R1 forming part of said transmitting-receiving unit.

Please amend the paragraph spanning lines 22-28 of page 6 as follows:

In the embodiment shown in figure 4, the radio station comprises a single antenna 1 associated with a polarizing coupler 3₁, and two transmitting-receiving units ~~TR1, TR2~~, with a radio signal source T1, T2 and a diversity receiver R1, R2. The advantages outlined above can be fully obtained for the two transmitting-receiving units ~~TR1, TR2~~.

Please amend the paragraph spanning pages 8 and 10 as follows:

In the example shown in figure 6, the radio station comprises two antennas 1, 2 associated respectively with two polarizing couplers 3₁ and 3₂, two duplexers 4₁ and 4₂, four transmitting-receiving units ~~TR1, TR2, TR3 and TR4~~ and two division modules 5'₁ and 5'₂. The division modules 5'₁ and 5'₂ have a structure similar to that of the division modules 5₁ and 5₂ mentioned above, with the one difference that they have four outputs G'1, H'2, J'1, K'1 and G'2, H'2, J'2, K'2, respectively, instead of two outputs. Each one may, for example, consist of three "Wilkinson" couplers arranged in two steps. The inputs A1, B1 of the polarizing coupler 3₁ are connected to the radio signal sources T1, T2, respectively, while the inputs A2, B2 of the

polarizing coupler 3_2 are connected to the radio signal sources T_3 , T_4 , respectively. The duplexer 4_1 is connected between the input A_1 of the polarizing coupler 3_1 , the radio signal source T_1 and the input I'_1 of the division module $5'_1$, while the duplexer 4_2 is connected between the input B_2 of the polarizing coupler 3_2 , the radio signal source T_4 and the input I'_2 of the division module $5'_2$. The four outputs G'_1 , H'_1 , J'_1 , K'_1 of the division module $5'_1$ are connected respectively to the inputs E_4 of the receiver R_4 , E_3 of the receiver R_3 , E_2 of the receiver R_2 and F_1 of the receiver R_1 , while the four outputs G'_2 , H'_2 , J'_2 , K'_2 of the division module $5'_2$ are connected respectively to the inputs E_1 of the receiver R_1 , F_2 of the receiver R_2 , F_3 of the receiver R_3 and F_4 of the receiver R_4 . It is thus possible with this embodiment to increase even further the gain in polarizing diversity for the four receivers R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 compared to how it was in the embodiment shown in figure 5. It is also possible to envisage, in a similar way to that described above, obtaining a gain in directivity for this embodiment, by differently connecting the coaxial cables which connect the polarizing couplers 3_1 , 3_2 to the radio signal sources T_1 , T_3 and T_3 , T_4 , respectively.